

List of prohibited items

Passengers and carry-on/cabin/hand baggage

Due to security reasons, passengers are prohibited to carry on their person or in their carry-on baggage the following items into aircraft cabin, the security restricted area and the key parts of this area:

guns, firearms and other devices that discharge projectiles – items that may or appear to may be used to cause a serious injury by discharging the projectile, including:

- firearms of all types, such as pistols, revolvers, rifles, shotguns, toy guns, replicas and imitation firearms capable of being mistaken for real weapons, component parts of firearms, excluding telescopic sights, compressed air or CO2 guns, such as pistols, pellet guns and rifles and ball bearing guns, signal flare pistols and starter pistols, bows, cross bows and arrows, harpoon guns, spear guns, different types of slingshots and catapults;
- stunning devices devices designed specifically to stun or immobilise, including: devices for shocking, such as stun guns, tasers and stun batons, animal stunners and animal killers, disabling and incapacitating chemicals, gases and gas containers, such as sprays that contain irritating chemicals including tear gas, mace, pepper sprays, capsicum sprays, acid sprays and animal repellent sprays.

<u>objects with a sharp point or sharp edge</u> — objects with a sharp point or a sharp edge capable of being used to cause serious injury, including:

- items designed for chopping, such as axes, hatchets and cleavers, ice axes and ice picks, razor blades, box cutters, knives/flick knives, regardless of the length of the knife blade, scissors with blades of more than 6cm (total length), martial arts equipment with a sharp point or sharp edge, swords, machetes and sabres, any sharp object that may be used for causing a serious injury, and which usually is not used at SRA (Security Restricted Area).





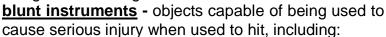






workmen's tools - tools capable of being used either to cause serious injury or to threaten the safety of aircraft, including:

- crowbars, drills and drill bits, including cordless portable power drills, tools with a blade or a shaft of more than 6 cm capable of use as a weapon, such as screwdrivers and chisels, saws, including cordless portable power saws, blowtorches, bolt guns and nail guns.



- baseball and softball bats, clubs and batons, such as billy clubs, blackjacks and night sticks, martial arts equipment.

explosives and incendiary substances and devices

- explosives and incendiary substances and devices capable, or appearing capable, of being used to cause serious injury or to pose a threat to the safety of aircraft, including:
 - ammunition, blasting caps, detonators and fuses, replica or imitation explosive devices, mines, grenades, hand grenades and other explosive military stores, fireworks, firecrackers and other pyrotechnics, smoke-generating canisters and smoke-generating cartridges, dynamite, gunpowder, and plastic explosives, gasoline and other flammable liquids, all toxic or infectious substances, including gases, whether compressed or not.

liquids, aerosols and gels - LAG-s include:

- water and other drinks, soups, syrups, creams, lotions and oils, perfumes, sprays, gels (including hair and shower gel), compressed packaging (including shaving foam), other foams and spray deodorants; pastes (including toothpaste), mixtures of liquids and solids, mascara (and other items of similar consistency).
- medicines, any combination of the items listed.
 - The passenger may be allowed to carry the items into the security restricted area and aircraft only if they are packed in a container measuring no more than 100ml, or in total capacity of 1l packed in a transparent plastic bag (that can be closed).
 - An exemption can be made in case of medicines, baby milk/food and special diet food, but an authenticity check shall be carried out.

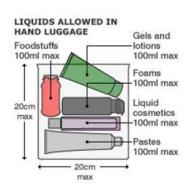












- Before the security check or the check-up of the liquid, sprays and gels must be removed from the carry-on baggage and checked separately.
- 4) Regarding the items from the duty-free shop, the same undergo security screening (before being taken into the shop) in accordance with the SARP and the requirements of the same.
- 5) The items purchased and the receipt are packed into the security (STEB) bags with the logo of Sarajevo International Airport.

Electric cigarettes and power banks in a carry-on baggage and carried by a person/passenger

In terms of these items, the following steps shall be undertaken:

- 1) if the passenger carries electric cigarettes (all models electric cigarettes) as well as a power bank (all models of batteries) in a carry-on baggage, the baggage shall be manually searched by the employee of the Security Department to determine the battery capacity (that must be in accordance with the DGR table 2.3 A). All electric cigarettes, as well as power banks that are of the capacity prescribed, must be securely protected from the accidental activation (packed in an packaging, or locked electronically so that the accidental activation does not occur in the baggage).
- 2) A permitted quantity and number of electric cigarettes and power banks must not exceed the numbers as specified in the DGR table 2.3.A
- 3) In case the passenger has electric cigarettes or a power bank that exceed the allowed capacity or he/she has more pieces from what is allowed, the passenger shall be asked to dispose the same into the recycle bin designated for that.

Additional batteries that are used for medical aids are described with the special





measures that are provided in the DGR table 2.3.A (detailed description given in section 2.3.2.4).

Passengers and their Checked/Hold Baggage

checked baggage):

1) Explosives and incendiary substances and devices

Explosives and incendiary substances and devices that may cause serious injuries or pose a threat to the safety of aircraft include the following:

ammunition (with an approval of the operator, certain cartridges may be permitted for the transport in a checked baggage, as specified in Section 8, Chapters 1, 1.1.2. of Technical Instructions for the Safe Transport of Dangerous Goods by Air (Doc. 9284), blasting caps, detonators and fuses, mines, grenades, hand grenades and other explosive military stores, fireworks and other pyrotechnics, smoke-generating canisters and smoke-generating cartridges, dynamite, gunpowder and plastic explosives.

1) Transport of domestic/local alcoholic beverages shall not be permitted on flights of air carriers (i.e. the ones that require the same in writing), and the responsibility of the employees of the Technical Protection Division of the Security Department (assigned at RM7) is to stop, open and search any baggage in which they notice the bottles of alcohol of any kind. If stated that the same are the alcoholic beverages of the kind mentioned, the same shall be removed from the baggage and destroyed in a way as predefined.

- 2) The exception to the above mentioned is if the baggage is securely packed. In that case, the owner of the baggage is called, and he/she will be given the option to give the bottle of the beverage to someone who accompanied him/her or to get rid of the beverage in some other appropriate way.
- 3) This kind of request shall be implemented towards any other air carriers that request the same.

"Electric cigarettes and power banks in a checked baggage "

The following steps shall be undertaken in terms of these devices:

- 1) In accordance with the DGR table 2.3. electric cigarettes and power banks devices are prohibited to be transported in the checked baggage due to security reasons (risk of selfignition and short-circuits that may cause the fire).
- 2) If the passenger, despite all information available on the official web page of Sarajevo International Airport (www.sarajevo-airport.ba), and available via other means of public information (when purchasing the airline ticket, when checking-in and by means of direct warnings by the employees at the check-in counters), tries to transport electric cigarettes (of any model) or power bank devices (of any capacity) in the checked baggage, that baggage shall be manually checked by the employees of the Security Department in accordance with the security procedures in place.





- 3) Given that the transport of these devices is **strictly prohibited in the** checked baggage, the above-mentioned devices shall be temporarily confiscated, and a document on confiscation shall be put into the baggage, which besides other information includes information on:
 - a) type and quantity of the items confiscated,
 - b) ways and conditions for returning the same.
- 4) Confiscated devices (electric cigarettes and power bank devices confiscated without the presence of the passenger) shall be stored at the facilities of the Security Department for 30 days as of the day when being confiscated. After the expiry of the deadline given, the same shall be submitted delivered to the warehouse of the airport for further action, in accordance with the internal procedures.
- 5) A passenger who is unable to personally take the item confiscated, can authorize another person, who when taking the item, must present:
 - a) personal document,
 - b) a photo of the document on confiscation that the passenger found in his/her baggage

- 6) Upon the arrival of the passenger or the authorized person, the authorized employee of the Security Department shall verify the documentation and **hand over** the confiscated item to the owner, or the person authorized.
- 7) If there are prohibited items (electric cigarettes and/or a power bank) in the checked baggage, and the employee of the Security Department cannot open the baggage (e.g. because it is securely packed, the baggage is not equipped with a TSA lock, or for any other technical reason), the passenger shall be called via the airport application or a call, and he/she shall be asked to personally come to a room L4 and to open the baggage, in the presence of the employee from the Security Department, in order to take the prohibited item (electric cigarette, power bank).

Dangerous goods

- 1) Dangerous goods are goods or substances that may pose a significant risk to health, safety or property of the passengers when transported by air.
- 2) Provisions of the Annex 18 to the Chicago Convention on International Civil Aviation Safe Transport of Dangerous Goods by Air regulate the subject matter on international level. Technical instructions that are a part of the abovementioned regulation differentiate dangerous goods transported as cargo and dangerous goods transported by passengers and crew in a checked baggage or on their person. Technical instructions consist of a list of over 3000 dangerous goods classified into groups defining the options for their acceptance to be transported by air and the conditions that transport is permitted to be carried out.

Basic regulations

- 1) ICAO Doc 8973/7, Security Manual for Safeguarding Civil Aviation Against Acts of Unlawful Interference,
- 2) COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) No 1998/2015
- 3) ECAC POLICY STATEMENT IN THE FIELD OF CIVIL AVIATION SECURITY, Doc No. 30 (PART II)
- 4) ICAO, Doc 9284, Technical Instruction for the Safe Transport of Dangerous Goods by Air; and
- 5) IATA, Dangerous Goods Regulations

Note:

SIA shall regularly provide updated summaries of the IATA's regulations on Dangerous Goods to the employees and the same shall be implemented accordingly.

Important:

The prohibited items listed shall be removed from the passenger's baggage at security screening checkpoint.

Flying Safely and Responsibly!

We kindly ask our passengers to check before their flight whether they have any of the listed items in order to make their journey safer and not to find themselves in unnecessary uncomfortable situations. We believe our mutual goal is your safe and pleasant travel, and we shall do everything to ensure that!

Međunarodni aerodrom Sarajevo – Ponosni partner Sarajevo Film Festivala

Međunarodni aerodrom Sarajevo, kao ključna ulazna tačka glavnog grada i Bosne i Hercegovine, sa zadovoljstvom najavljuje partnerstvo sa Sarajevo Film Festivalom – najznačajnijim kulturnim događajem u regiji koji iz godine u godinu okuplja vrhunske filmske profesionalce, goste, turiste i medije iz cijelog svijeta.

Ovo partnerstvo predstavlja prirodan spoj dviju institucija koje dijele zajedničke vrijednosti: otvorenost, raznolikost, kreativnost i međunarodno povezivanje.

Tokom trajanja Festivala, Sarajevo postaje centar regionalne i globalne pažnje – a najveći broj gostiju dolazi upravo zračnim putem. Ovim se direktno potvrđuje važnost Aerodroma kao logističkog i infrastrukturnog partnera Sarajevo Film Festivala.

Ove godine činimo dodatni iskorak – po prvi put ćemo zajednički osmisliti i brendirati prostor unutar aerodromskog terminala, čime će svi putnici odmah po dolasku osjetiti festivalsku atmosferu a čime se festivalski doživljaj širi sve do piste Aerodroma.

Za hiljade gostiju koji dolaze iz svih krajeva svijeta, Međunarodni aerodrom Sarajevo predstavlja prva vrata Festivala – mjesto gdje festivalsko iskustvo započinje, još prije ulaska u grad.

Sarajevo Film Festival okuplja predstavnike međunarodnih institucija, ambasada, kompanija i medija, čime se otvaraju nove mogućnosti za poslovno umrežavanje i partnerstva. Kao simbol povezivanja i most između Bosne i Hercegovine i svijeta, Međunarodni aerodrom Sarajevo s ponosom podržava vrijednosti koje Festival promoviše.

Kao društveno odgovorna kompanija, Aerodrom Sarajevo ostaje posvećen podršci kulturnim inicijativama koje doprinose razvoju zajednice i afirmaciji BiH kao atraktivne destinacije na mapi svijeta.